

Easiest Knit Slippers Pattern Anyone Can Make



Skills Required: Cast on, bind off, knit, purl, knit 2 together (k2tog), seaming

Yarn: There are many variations for yarn and you'll need about 200 - 250 yards. In the old days I'd use worsted weight yarn and hold two strands together as one. Red Heart Super Saver yarn is great for these. The other option which I enjoy nowadays is Lion Brand Wool Ease Thick n Quick.

Needles: For worsted weight yarn holding two strands together use Size 9 (5.5mm), for Lion Brand Wool Ease Thick & Quick use size US 11 (8mm)

Important Notes: Just like in sock patterns knitted slippers need to be knit on smaller needles so that the fabric is tighter. If they're made on big needles the slippers will be looser and will get holes a lot faster.

For example: The Lion Brand Thick & Quick yarn calls for a size US 13 (9mm) needle however because we're knitting slippers you need to drop that needle size down at least by two. I used a size US 11 (8mm) needle.

If you decide to hold two strands of worsted weight yarn together I would use a size US 9 (5.5mm). The reason it's different than the Lion Brand is because the thickness isn't the same. Lion Brand is thicker.

The slippers will still work out really well with either yarns I mentioned. For many years I only used Red Heart Yarn for my slippers. In fact the red slippers are made with Red Heart.

The sizes come in *small - child, medium - women, large – men and extra large for wider feet.*

Cast on 27 (29, 35, 41) sts with your preferred cast on. I used the long tail.

Row 1: Knit

Row 2: K9 (9, 11, 13), purl 1, k7 (9, 11, 13), p1, k9 (9, 11, 13)

Repeat rows 1 and 2 until you have 13 (15, 17, 19) garter ridges on the right side of your work or until your desired length. If you need less or more rows by all means work the slipper according to your size. This pattern has been around for decades and is easily adjusted.

Please note: Keep in mind that you're knitting the length of your slipper so you will want the length to be approximately 2 (2.5, 2.5, 2.5) inches **less** than your actual foot size. This gives you 2 - 2.5 inches to knit the toe portion of your slipper.

End on a 2nd row.

Shape Toe:

Row 1: P1, *K1, P1, repeat from * across row

Row 2: K1, *P1, K1, repeat from * across row

Repeat these 2 rows for 1.5 (2, 2, 2) inches ending on 2nd row

Decrease Row: K2tog across. If you have one extra stitch left just knit it. It will still work out just fine. Stitches remaining: 14 (15, 18, 21)

Next Row: Knit across row

2nd Decrease Row: K2tog across row. If you have an extra stitch simply knit it. You should have 7 (8, 9, 11) sts remaining. Break yarn leaving about 12 inches of yarn.

Finishing

Thread yarn tail through tapestry needle and carefully push through the remaining stitches on your needle.



Note: This picture is to show you what I mean about pulling the yarn through the stitches. If you'll notice I haven't done the decreases yet. You'll have much less sts.

When you've got all the stitches pull as tightly as you can being careful not to break yarn.



I like to work the needle through the stitches a second time just to reinforce the toe and close it more tightly. It's not necessary if you don't want too. It's your choice. :)

Once you've got the toe tightly secured, continue seaming up the toe portion using the whip stitch. You'll want to seam up the toe portion enough so that the slipper doesn't keep sliding off so it's your decision how far to go. Usually a half inch beyond ribbing works.

Then go to the heel and seam the bottom of your slipper and you're done. Weave in ends and add buttons or pom poms or just leave them plain, it's up to you, then enjoy!